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CHAIR:

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3rd SESSION, 67th GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Province of Prince Edward Island
5 CHARLES III, 2026

(Bill No. 38)

Correctional Services Act

Hon. Bloyce Thompson
Minister of Justice and Public Safety and Attorney General

GOVERNMENT BILL

Andrea MacRae
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For House Use Only

Prince Edward Island
Legislative Assembly

AMENDMENTS

ASSEMBLY / SESSION / YEAR
67th General Assembly / 3rd / 2026

BILL NUMBER: **38**

PAGE No. 2 of 18 PAGES

TITLE: **Correctional Services Act**

#	SECTION	AMENDMENT	DATE

NOTED:

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COMMITTEE CLERK

CERTIFIED CORRECT:

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CHAIR, IN COMMITTEE

CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ACT

BILL NO. 38 **2026**

BE IT ENACTED by the Lieutenant Governor and the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Prince Edward Island as follows:

PART 1 – INTERPRETATION AND ADMINISTRATION

1. Definitions

(1) In this Act,

(a) "**Centre Manager**" means the Centre Manager appointed under subsection 7(1);

(b) "**correctional centre**" means a lawful place of confinement for inmates operated in the province and includes a facility designated under section 4 and the land used in connection with the normal operation of that facility, but does not include a police or municipal lock-up;

(c) "**court**" means the Supreme Court or the Provincial Court, as the context requires, and includes a judge of the court;

(d) "**Department**" means the Department of Justice and Public Safety;

(e) "**Director**" means the Director of Correctional Services appointed under subsection 3(1);

(f) "**employee**" means an employee of the Department;

(g) "**inmate**" means a person under remand or sentence who is confined to a correctional centre according to law, or who is in the custody of an employee while in transit to or from a correctional centre, but does not include

(i) a person apprehended or detained under the *Mental Health Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. M-6.2, or

(ii) a police prisoner;

(h) "**lawyer**" means a person entitled to practise law under the *Legal Profession Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. L-6.1;

(i) "**Minister**" means the Minister of Justice and Public Safety and Attorney General;

(j) "**monitoring officer**" means a monitoring officer designated under subsection 8(1);

(k) "**municipality**" means a municipality as defined in the *Municipal Government Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. M-12.1;

(l) "**officer**" means an employee or other person who is directly involved in the care, counselling, health, security, control, rehabilitation, safety, custody or escorting of inmates, or other such duties as may be required by the Centre Manager;

(m) "**personal information**" means personal information as defined in clause 1(i) of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. F-15.01;

(n) "**police prisoner**" means a person who has been lawfully detained in custody but who has not been remanded or committed to custody by a court;

(o) "**probation officer**" means a probation officer appointed under subsection 3(2);

(p) "**prosecutor**" means the Minister, or where the Minister does not intervene, the person who institutes proceedings to which this Act applies, and includes a lawyer acting on behalf of either of them.

Correctional centre deemed to include route, etc.

(2) For the purposes of the security and discipline of an inmate or police prisoner under this Act, a correctional centre is deemed to include a route, location or place outside of the correctional centre, including

(a) a street, highway or place, whether public or private, along or across which an inmate or police prisoner may pass for any reason, while the inmate or police prisoner is passing; and

(b) a place where an inmate or police prisoner is engaged in a work, recreation or other program of the correctional centre, while the inmate or police prisoner is so engaged.

2. Administration by Minister

(1) The Minister is responsible for the administration of this Act and correctional services under the jurisdiction of the Government.

Delegation by Minister

(2) The Minister may delegate, in writing, to the Director any of the powers, responsibilities and functions of the Minister under this Act, except the power to appoint the Director, a hearing adjudicator or an appeal adjudicator.

3. Appointment of Director

(1) The Minister shall appoint a Director of Correctional Services to perform the duties specified in this Act and the regulations.

Appointment of probation officers

(2) The Minister may appoint probation officers to perform the duties specified in this Act and the regulations.

Designation of employees

(3) The Minister may designate one or more employees to carry out the duties assigned by the Director.

4. Order to designate correctional centres

(1) The Minister may, by order, designate correctional centres to which this Act and the regulations apply.

Publication of order

(2) The Minister shall publish an order made under subsection (1) in the Gazette.

5. Appointment of hearing adjudicator

(1) The Minister may appoint a person as a hearing adjudicator, or more than one person as a panel of adjudicators, to conduct disciplinary hearings in accordance with the regulations for the purpose of

(a) reviewing alleged breaches by inmates of the rules of the correctional centre or the regulations; and

(b) where a breach of the rules or regulations by an inmate is confirmed, determining appropriate disciplinary measures.

Appointment of appeal adjudicator

(2) The Minister may appoint a person as an appeal adjudicator to conduct appeals of disciplinary decisions of a hearing adjudicator or a panel of adjudicators in accordance with the regulations.

6. Powers and duties of Director

(1) The Director shall exercise the powers and perform the duties that are assigned to the Director

(a) under this Act and the regulations; and

(b) by the Minister.

Authority of Director

(2) Subject to this Act and the regulations, the Director may

(a) establish policy and procedures and issue special instructions and directives to ensure the efficient operation of correctional centres;

(b) approve and enforce a code of conduct for persons who perform functions in connection with the operation of a correctional centre;

(c) investigate the conduct of any person employed in or around a correctional centre or any person found within its precincts;

(d) summon any person to appear before the Director and examine the person under oath or affirmation concerning any matter relating to the breach of the rules governing the operation of a correctional centre;

(e) determine the particular correctional centre to which a person sentenced to imprisonment for less than two years is to be committed;

(f) order an inmate or police prisoner to be transferred from one correctional centre to another for the purpose of providing for appropriate security, treatment or rehabilitation; and

(g) determine the particular correctional centre to which an inmate received through an exchange of services agreement is to be committed.

Delegation by Director

(3) The Director may delegate, in writing, to an employee any of the powers, responsibilities and functions of the Director under this Act, as may be specified in the delegation.

No sub-delegation

(4) An employee to whom the Director has delegated a power, responsibility or function under subsection (3) shall not delegate that power, responsibility or function to any person.

7. Appointment of Centre Manager, etc.

(1) The Minister may appoint an employee as the Centre Manager for each correctional centre.

Designation of acting Centre Manager

(2) The Director may designate a person to act temporarily for the Centre Manager when the Centre Manager is absent for any reason.

Authority of Centre Manager

(3) A Centre Manager is responsible for

(a) the management of the correctional centre for which the Centre Manager is appointed;

(b) the care, custody, control, health, rehabilitation and safety of the inmates and police prisoners confined in the correctional centre; and

(c) the exercise of the powers and performance of duties that are assigned to the Centre Manager

(i) under this Act and the regulations, and

(ii) by the Director.

Delegation by Centre Manager

(4) The Centre Manager may delegate, in writing, to an employee any of the powers, responsibilities and functions of the Centre Manager under this Act that are specified in the delegation.

No sub-delegation

(5) An employee to whom the Centre Manager has delegated a power, responsibility or function under subsection (4) shall not delegate that power, responsibility or function to any person.

8. Designation of monitoring officer

(1) The Director may designate an employee as a monitoring officer for the purposes of section 11.

Duties of monitoring officer

(2) A monitoring officer

(a) shall monitor an accused person in accordance with an order of a court in relation to a proceeding under section 515 of the *Criminal Code* (Canada);

(b) shall prepare reports for a court as the court may order;

(c) has the power to procure and report information, including personal information, for a court in respect of an accused person;

(d) shall report to the court if the accused person is or is not complying with the conditions specified in the orders; and

(e) shall do those things that are directed by the court or the regulations.

9. Status and duties of probation officer

(1) A probation officer

(a) is a probation officer for Prince Edward Island;

(b) is deemed to be an officer of every court in Prince Edward Island insofar as that designation is consistent with the provisions of the *Criminal Code* (Canada) and this Act respecting probation or matters of a like nature;

(c) shall prepare reports for a court as the court may order;

(d) has the power to procure and report information, including personal information, for a court in respect of a person convicted by the court; and

(e) has the additional duties specified in the regulations.

Responsibility for supervision of persons

(2) A probation officer is, upon direction of a court, responsible for the supervision of

(a) persons placed on probation by the court; and

(b) persons subject to conditional sentences imposed by the court.

Probation officer may report to court, etc.

(3) A probation officer who is directed by a court to supervise a person on whom the passing of sentence was suspended, or who is subject to a probation order or a conditional sentence, may report to the court or prosecutor if the person fails to carry out the terms

(a) on which the passing of sentence was suspended;

(b) of the probation order; or

(c) of the conditional sentence.

10. Status as peace officers

(1) Persons, officers and employees who exercise powers and perform duties under this Act are peace officers and have, while carrying out their respective duties under this Act and the regulations, all the powers, authority, privileges, rights and immunities of a peace officer under the *Criminal Code* (Canada) and any other federal or provincial enactment.

Exception

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a person, officer or employee in a correctional centre unless that person, officer or employee is directly involved in the security, control, custody or escorting of inmates.

PART 2 – PRE-SENTENCING MONITORING AND PROBATION

11. Monitoring of persons on conditional release

(1) In relation to a proceeding under section 515 of the *Criminal Code* (Canada), a court may, by order, appoint a monitoring officer to monitor the accused person and report to the court respecting the accused person's compliance with the conditions of the accused person's release.

Duration of order

(2) In an order under subsection (1), the court may require the accused person to provide information and to report to the monitoring officer named in the order.

Notice to accused person

(3) The court shall notify the accused person referred to in subsection (1) of the order.

Form of order

(4) The report of a monitoring officer referred to in subsection (1) is admissible in evidence.

12. Power to make probation order

(1) Where a person is convicted of an offence pursuant to an Act, a court may, having regard to the age and character of the person, the nature of the offence and the circumstances surrounding the commission of the offence,

(a) suspend the passing of sentence and direct that the person be released upon the conditions described in a probation order; or

(b) in addition to fining the person or sentencing the person to imprisonment, for a term not exceeding two years, direct that the person comply with the conditions set out in the probation order.

Duration of order

(2) Where a court makes a probation order, the court shall specify in the order the period for which the order remains in force.

Limit on duration of order

(3) No probation order shall continue in force for more than three years from the date on which the order came into force.

Form of order

(4) A probation order shall be in the form set out in the regulations.

13. Pre-sentence report

(1) Where a court convicts a person, the court may direct a probation officer to prepare and file with the court a report in writing related to the person for the purposes of assisting the court in imposing a sentence.

Copy of report to be provided

(2) Where a report is filed with the court under subsection (1), the probation officer shall cause a copy of the report to be provided to

(a) the convicted person or that person's lawyer; and

(b) the prosecutor.

14. Conditions included in probation order

(1) A probation order in respect of a convicted person shall be deemed to include the following conditions:

(a) that the person shall keep the peace and be of good behaviour;

(b) that the person shall appear before the court when required to do so by the court;

(c) that the person shall notify the court or the probation officer in advance of any change of name or address, and promptly notify the court or the probation officer of any change of employment or occupation.

Other conditions may be imposed

(2) A court may impose additional conditions in a probation order, including that the convicted person

(a) report to and be under the supervision of a probation officer or a person designated by the court;

(b) abstain from communicating, directly or indirectly, with any victim, witness or other person identified in the order, or from going to any place or geographic area specified in the order;

(c) abstain from the consumption of alcohol, drugs or any substance either absolutely or on the terms specified by the court;

(d) make restitution or reparation to any person aggrieved or injured by the commission of the offence for the actual loss or damage sustained by that person as a result of the offence;

(e) make reasonable efforts to find and maintain suitable employment;

(f) remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless written permission to leave the jurisdiction is obtained from the court or a probation officer;

(g) perform up to 240 hours of community service over a period not exceeding 18 months;

(h) participate, as directed by the court, in relevant programs, treatment or training;

(i) abstain from owning, possessing or carrying a weapon; and

(j) comply with these and other reasonable conditions the court may impose to secure the good conduct of the convicted person and to prevent the convicted person from repeating the commission of the same or other offences.

15. Duties of court

Where a court makes a probation order, the court shall

(a) cause the order to be read by or to the person bound by the order;

(b) cause a copy of the order to be given to that person; and

(c) inform that person of the provisions of section 18 and subsection 31(2).

16. Effective date of probation order

(1) A probation order comes into force

(a) on the date on which the order is made; or

(b) where the person bound by the order is sentenced to imprisonment under clause 12(1)(b), upon the expiration of that sentence.

Effect of conviction for subsequent offence

(2) Subject to section 18,

(a) where a person who is bound by a probation order is convicted of an offence, including an offence under subsection 31(2), or is imprisoned under clause 12(1)(b), the order continues in force except insofar as the sentence renders it impossible for that person for the time being to comply with the order; and

(b) where a person who is bound by a probation order is convicted of an offence, and the Act under which the conviction is made provides for a loss upon conviction of a privilege or rights granted or subject to cancellation by the Act, or demerit points, the loss of privilege, right or demerit points shall not be suspended or terminated by the court pursuant to this Act.

17. Application to court to modify probation order

(1) Where a court has made a probation order, the court may, at any time, upon application by the person bound by the order or the prosecutor, require the person to appear before the court and, after hearing the person and the prosecutor,

(a) make changes in or additions to the conditions described in the order that, in the opinion of the court, are rendered desirable by a change in circumstances since the order was made;

(b) relieve the person, either absolutely or on terms or for a period that the court considers appropriate, of compliance with a condition described in the order; or

(c) decrease the period for which the order is to remain in force.

Duties of court

(2) On making an order under subsection (1), the court shall

(a) endorse the probation order accordingly;

(b) inform the person bound by the probation order of the change or addition to the conditions described in the probation order; and

(c) give that person a copy of the probation order with the endorsement referred to in clause (a).

18. Conviction of person bound by probation order

(1) This section applies where a person who is bound by a probation order is convicted of an offence, including an offence under subsection 31(2), and

(a) the time within which an appeal may be taken against that conviction has expired and the person has not taken an appeal;

(b) the person has taken an appeal against that conviction and the appeal has been dismissed; or

(c) the person has given written notice to the court that convicted the person that the person elects not to appeal the conviction or has abandoned the person's appeal, as the case may be.

Application to court to modify probation order

(2) A court that has made a probation order may, upon application by the prosecutor, require the person bound by the order to appear before the court and, after hearing the prosecutor and the person,

(a) where the probation order was made under clause 12(1)(a), revoke the order and impose a sentence that could have been imposed if the passing of sentence had not been suspended; or

(b) make changes in or additions to the conditions described in the probation order that the court considers appropriate or extend the period for which the probation order is to remain in force for a period not exceeding one year.

Duties of court

(3) On making an order under subsection (1), the court shall

(a) endorse the probation order accordingly;

(b) inform the person bound by the probation order of the change or addition to the conditions described in the probation order; and

(c) give that person a copy of the probation order with the endorsement referred to in clause (a).

19. Application of *Criminal Code* (Canada)

The provisions of Part XVI of the *Criminal Code* (Canada) with respect to compelling the appearance of a person before a court apply with necessary changes to proceedings under sections 17 and 18.

PART 3 – CORRECTIONAL CENTRES

20. Training, treatment or work program

An inmate committed or transferred to a correctional centre to serve a term of imprisonment or under remand, according to law, may be engaged in training, treatment or a work program as the Centre Manager may direct.

21. Application of rules, regulations

A person who is committed to a correctional centre is subject to the rules and regulations made under the authority of this Act.

22. Commencement of sentence

(1) Subject to an applicable enactment or a court order, a sentence commences on the date it is imposed.

Commencement of term of imprisonment

(2) Despite subsection (1), a term of imprisonment commences or shall be deemed to be resumed, as the case may be, on the date on which the convicted person is arrested and taken into custody under the sentence.

23. Failure to return from temporary absence

(1) Where an inmate who is permitted to be temporarily absent from a correctional centre fails to return at the expiration of the period for which the inmate is permitted to be at large, the inmate shall be deemed to be unlawfully at large.

Treatment of temporary absence

(2) For the purposes of computation of sentence and entitlement to parole, a period of temporary absence shall be treated as time spent in the correctional centre and the inmate during that period remains subject to the rules, regulations and control of the correctional centre, as applicable.

24. Inspection of correctional centre

(1) The Director or a person designated in writing as an inspector by the Director may, for the purposes of inspecting a correctional centre,

(a) at any time enter the correctional centre;

(b) access any part of the correctional centre;

(c) question any employee or other person providing services at a correctional centre, inmate or police prisoner; and

(d) examine any papers, vouchers, records, documents or other articles as the inspector considers necessary for proper administration of the correctional centre.

Requirement to comply with request

(2) An employee or other person providing services at a correctional centre shall provide the Director or inspector, as the case may be, with the information that is requested for the purposes of an inspection under this section.

25. Inmate grievance process

(1) The Director shall establish a process in accordance with the regulations for fairly and expeditiously resolving a grievance of an inmate in relation to a matter within the Director's authority.

Access by inmate to process

(2) An inmate shall be provided with access to the inmate grievance process in accordance with the regulations.

No reprisal

(3) No person shall take or direct, or counsel another person to take or direct, a reprisal against an inmate who makes a report or complaint under the inmate grievance process.

26. Regulations respecting correctional centres

The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations respecting the administration of correctional centres and the custody, transfer, treatment, control, training and employment of inmates and police prisoners including, without limitation,

(a) the inspection, management, security and operation of correctional centres;

(b) the routine search and investigative search of inmates and police prisoners;

(c) the conduct, transfer, escort and control of inmates;

(d) prescribing rules for the purposes of section 21;

(e) an inmate grievance process;

(f) an informal resolution process that may be employed in respect of breaches of rules;

(g) hearings respecting alleged breaches of the rules, including practices and procedures to be used in hearings;

(h) a range of penalties for breaches of the rules, and specifying criteria to be applied by a person at the end of a disciplinary hearing who imposes a penalty for a breach;

(i) a process for an appeal from a decision made in a disciplinary hearing, and the powers and duties of a person conducting the appeal;

(j) the guarding and supervision of inmates in hospitals and other places outside of a correctional centre;

(k) program placement and employment of inmates, and disbursement of their earnings;

(l) the control of contraband;

(m) the control of intoxicants, including programs established by regulations requiring inmates to supply a urine sample for analysis or other measures to detect or determine the presence of intoxicants in inmates or in a correctional centre generally;

(n) the examination, detention and control of parcels;

(o) the communication of inmates and police prisoners with members of the public;

(p) the association of inmates and police prisoners with members of the public;

(q) the conduct of visitors and other persons within the precincts of a correctional centre;

(r) the routine search and investigative search of visitors and other persons within the precincts of a correctional centre;

(s) the determination of the costs for the housing of inmates and police prisoners, and the charging of those costs to municipalities or other authorities;

(t) the establishment of a review or appeal procedure to process complaints from inmates;

(u) the provision of medical and health services to inmates and police prisoners;

(v) the earning and forfeiture of remission, sentence calculation and interpretation, warrants and temporary absences;

(w) the use of video or audio monitoring, scanning or surveillance of inmates and police prisoners for safety or security reasons.

PART 4 - GENERAL

27. Protection from personal liability

No action for damages or other legal proceedings lies or shall be instituted against the Minister, the Director, a Centre Manager, a probation officer, an employee, a monitoring officer or any other person acting under the authority of

(a) this Act and the regulations; or

(b) the code of conduct established under clause 6(2)(b),

for anything done or omitted to be done, in good faith, in the exercise or intended exercise of any power or performance of any duty under this Act or the regulations.

28. Authority of Minister

The Minister, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, on behalf of the Government, may enter into an agreement with

(a) the Government of Canada or the government of any province respecting the exchange, purchase, rental or other use of correctional services and facilities; or

(b) a municipality for the confinement in a correctional centre of any person sentenced to imprisonment for infraction of its bylaws or arrested within the municipality for any offence.

29. Application of Federal Acts

Subject to the regulations, the provisions of the *Corrections and Conditional Release Act* (Canada), the *Criminal Code* (Canada), and the *Prisons and Reformatories Act* (Canada), respecting earning and forfeiture of remission, sentence calculation, warrants, temporary absences and the transfer of prisoners apply, with the necessary changes, to all inmates confined in a correctional centre under this Act.

30. Powers of Parole Board of Canada

The Parole Board of Canada, continued by section 103 of the *Corrections and Conditional Release Act* (Canada), is authorized to exercise in Prince Edward Island the additional jurisdiction described in subsection 108(1) of that Act.

31. Offence – contravention of Act, etc.

(1) A person who contravenes a provision of this Act or the regulations for which no other penalty is specified is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction and is liable to a fine of not less than $2,000 and not more than $5,000.

Offence – failure to comply with probation order

(2) A person who is bound by a probation order and who wilfully fails or refuses to comply with that order is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction and is liable to a fine not exceeding $5,000.

Offence - trespass

(3) A person who is found trespassing on any grounds, buildings, yards, offices or other premises belonging to or appertaining to a correctional centre is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction and is liable

(a) to a fine not exceeding $5,000;

(b) to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months; or

(c) to both a fine referred to in clause (a) and imprisonment in accordance with clause (b).

Offence – unauthorized entry, etc.

(4) A person, other than an employee employed at a correctional centre or a person with authorization from the Director or the Center Manager of a correctional centre, who enters a correctional centre or is found loitering on a street or highway adjacent to a correctional center is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction and is liable

(a) to a fine not exceeding $5,000;

(b) to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months; or

(c) to both a fine referred to in clause (a) and imprisonment in accordance with clause (b).

32. Regulations

The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations

(a) respecting the qualifications, duties, powers and appointment of probation officers;

(b) prescribing the reports and returns to be made by probation officers;

(c) respecting the qualifications and duties of monitoring officers;

(d) prescribing the reports and returns to be made by monitoring officers;

(e) the definition of any word or phrase used in this Act that is not defined; and

(f) respecting any matter necessary or advisable to carry out effectively the intent and purpose of this Act.

PART 5 – TRANSITIONAL, CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS, REPEAL AND COMMENCEMENT

33. Director – continuation of appointment

(1) On the coming into force of this section, the appointment of a person as the Director under the *Correctional Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-26.1, that was in effect on the coming into force of this section is continued as the appointment of the person as the Director under this Act.

Centre Manager – continuation of appointment

(2) On the coming into force of this section, the appointment of a person as a Centre Manager under the *Correctional Services Act* that was in effect on the coming into force of this section is continued as the appointment of the person as a Centre Manager under this Act.

Probation officer - continuation of appointment

(3) On the coming into force of this section, the appointment of a person as a probation officer under the *Probation Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. P-22, that was in effect on the coming into force of this section is continued as the appointment of the person as a probation officer under this Act.

Correctional centre

(4) On the coming into force of this section, the designation of a correctional centre under section 3 of the *Correctional Services Act* that was in effect on the coming into force of this section is continued as the designation of the correctional centre under this Act.

34. Continuation of orders under *Probation Act*

(1) An order made by a court under the *Probation Act* that is valid and in force on the coming into force of this section may be varied, rescinded, appealed or enforced in accordance with this Act as if the probation order was issued under this Act.

Direction for report under *Probation Act*

(2) A direction for a report under section 7 of the *Probation Act* that was made before the date that this section comes into force and not provided to the court before that date shall be dealt with in accordance with this Act.

35. Continuation of lawful custody

All inmates and police prisoners who are in lawful custody in a correctional centre under the *Correctional Services Act* on the coming into force of this section shall remain in custody in accordance with this Act and the regulations.

36. Sheriffs Act

(1) The *Sheriffs Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. S-4.1, is amended as provided by this section.

(2) Clause 4.1(3)(b) of the Act is amended by the deletion of the words "*Correctional Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-26.1**" and the substitution of the words "***Correctional Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-26.2**".**

37. Public Health Act

(1) The *Public Health Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. P-30.1, is amended as provided by this section.

(2) Subclause 1(k)(i) of the Act is amended by the deletion of the words "clause 1(c) of the *Correctional Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-26.1**" and the substitution of the words "**clause 1(1)(b) of the *Correctional Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-26.2**".**

38. Repeal - *Correctional Services Act*

(1) The *Correctional Services Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. C-26.1, is repealed.

Repeal - *Probation Act*

(2) The *Probation Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. P-22, is repealed.

39. Commencement

This Act comes into force on a date that may be fixed by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

(Bill No. 38)

Correctional Services Act

STAGE:	***DATE:***
1st Reading:	November 3, 2026
2nd Reading:	
To Committee:	
Reported:	
3rd Reading and Pass:	
Assent:	

SIGNATURES:

Honourable Dr. Wassim Salamoun, Lieutenant Governor

Honourable Brad Trivers, Speaker

Joseph Jeffrey, Clerk

Hon. Bloyce Thompson
Minister of Justice and Public Safety and Attorney General

GOVERNMENT BILL

2026
3rd SESSION, 67th GENERAL ASSEMBLY